

firm of Windsor Brothers. Later the Windsor Brothers joined in partnership with George W. Langdon to form the livestock commission firm of Windsor Bros. & Langdon, at 963 William Street. Joey's father also organized, in Buffalo, the Windsor Soap Company, at Oneida and Bond Streets, a firm of which his daughter, Ellen Josephine, served as Assistant Treasurer for 13 years. Joey's mother, Carrie E. Romer, was the daughter of Alexander Romer (1801-1888) and Caroline G. Lockwood (1811-1894). Through her maternal grandfather, therefore, Joey was a descendant of Jacob Romer, who emigrated from one of the German-speaking cantons of Switzerland to New Amsterdam (New York City) in or about 1747. Through her maternal grandmother, therefore, Joey Windsor was a descendant of Lieutenant Luther Lockwood, who served in the War of 1812. Joey Windsor's mother, Carrie E. Romer, was a woman of many virtues and was highly esteemed in the social, philanthropic and church circles of Buffalo. Her sunny disposition endeared her to all and her effectiveness in good works made her a valuable associate in all benevolent enterprises.

On October 20, 1890, in her parents' house at 703 West Ferry Street in Buffalo (where the Windsor Apartments now stand), Ellen Josephine Windsor was born. With her lifelong friend, Marjorie H. Mossman, Joey attended Public School 56 (now No. 30, at 709 Elmwood Avenue), and Lafayette High School. In February 1904, Joey was declared the Women's Champion Ice Skater in the city of Buffalo. In a one-mile race held at the Buffalo Tennis Club's rink, Joey Windsor, with a one-quarter lap handicap, won the race by half a lap. Her time: 4 minutes and 50 seconds. For her victory over Miss Helen Rowe, Miss May Seaver, Miss Weppner, Miss Hauenstein, Miss Mary Graves, and Miss Watters, Joey Windsor was awarded, by the Buffalo Tennis Club, a silver cup, which to her dying day, was among her most treasured possessions. During her early years, similarly, Joey became interested in